

## REGISTRATION

We ask for your registration under the following link:

<https://www.ukl.vcongress.de/leipzig-school-2022>



*We will inform you in good time by e-mail about any access and hygiene regulations for attendance due to SARS-CoV-2.*

## PARTICIPANT FEES

Block A: TMMR & tLND	1.600 €
Block B: VFR, AR & tLND	1.600 €
Combined offer	3.000 €
Dinner	20 €

## CERTIFICATION

Each course is recognized by the Saxon State Medical Association with 28 category A points.

## SCIENTIFIC DIRECTION

**Bahriye Aktas, M.D. and  
Michael Höckel, M.D., Ph.D.**

Department of Gynecology  
University of Leipzig Medical Center

## ORGANISATION

University of Leipzig Medical Center  
Eventmanagement  
Liebigstraße 12, Building 1  
04103 Leipzig; Germany  
Phone: +49 (0)341 9726048  
E-Mail: [veranstaltungsmanagement@uniklinik-leipzig.de](mailto:veranstaltungsmanagement@uniklinik-leipzig.de)

## VENUE

Medical Faculty of Leipzig University  
**Building A (Anatomy)**  
Study hall and Anatomic theatre  
Liebigstraße 13, 04103 Leipzig; Germany

## TRAVEL DIRECTIONS (BUILDING A)

### Public Transport:

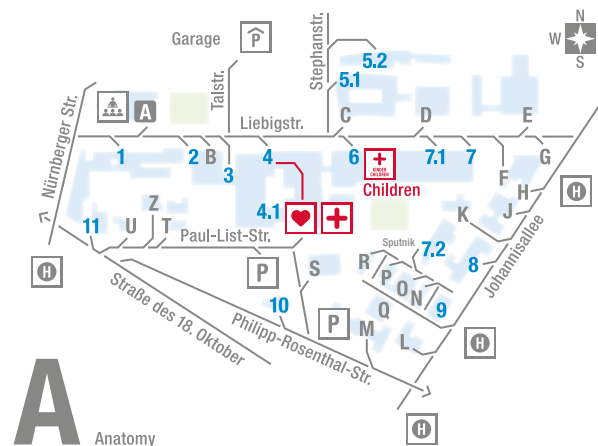
- (Stations):
- Bayerischer Bahnhof: Tram 2, 9, 16; Bus 60; Train S1-S5X
  - Johannisallee: Tram 2, 16; Bus 60
  - Ostplatz: Tram 12, 15; Bus 60

### by Car:

- via Ostplatz / Johannisallee
- via Nürnberger Straße oder Stephanstraße
- via Bayrischen Platz / Nürnberger Straße

### Car Parking:

- Car Park, Brüderstraße 59
- Parking Area beside the building 7, Liebigstraße



DEPARTMENT OF GYNECOLOGY

## LEIPZIG SCHOOL OF RADICAL PELVIC SURGERY 2022

Seminar with cadaver workshop  
and transmission from the operating  
room

September 19-21, 2022 and  
October 4-6, 2022

## DEAR COLLEAGUES,

we are pleased to announce the continuation of the Leipzig School program in the original format as face-to-face event with cadaver workshop and live surgery.

The next courses on total mesometrial resection (TMMR) and therapeutic lymph node dissection (tLND) will be held from September 19–21, 2022 and on vulvar field resection (VFR), anatomical reconstruction and tLND from October 4–6, 2022.

The course on cancer field surgery of vaginal carcinoma, locally advanced and recurrent cervix carcinoma (extended mesometrial resection, laterally extended endopelvic resection and abdominoperineal TMMR) is planned for spring 2023. The exact date will be announced as soon as possible.

The courses introduce new clinical data and novel oncological and anatomical insights including advancements of the ontogenetic cancer field model of regional tumor progression and on pathomechanisms of locoregional recurrences. All surgical techniques are demonstrated in the latest version.

We are looking forward to welcoming you in Leipzig.



Bahriye Aktas, M.D.



Michael Höckel, M.D., Ph.D.

## PROGRAM

### Block A: TMMR & tLND September 19-21, 2022

- Principles and practice of current surgical treatment of cervix carcinoma
- Introduction into the cancer field model
- Developmental anatomy of the female pelvis: derivatives of the Müllerian compartment
- Cancer fields of cervical carcinoma, ontogenetic staging (oT)
- Pathomechanisms of lymphatic metastasis
- Cancer field model of regional tumor spread
- Development of the human lymphatic system: the abdominopelvic lymph territories in the female
- Regional metastatic pattern of cervical carcinoma, ontogenetic nodal staging (oN)
- TMMR & tLND: principles, step-by-step technique, results, comparison with conventional surgical treatment

### Block B: VFR, AR & tLND October 4-6, 2022

- Principles and practice of current surgical treatment of vulvar carcinoma
- Introduction to the cancer field model
- Developmental anatomy of the female perineum: derivatives of the vulvar compartment
- Cancer fields of vulvar carcinoma, ontogenetic staging (oT)
- Pathomechanisms of lymphatic metastasis
- Cancer field model of regional tumor spread
- Development of the human lymphatic system: the inguinopelvic lymph territories in the female
- Regional metastatic pattern of vulvar carcinoma, ontogenetic nodal staging (oN)
- VFR+AR & tLND: principles, techniques, results, comparison with conventional treatment